



History - The Vikings



Were the Vikings raiders, traders or something else?

Key Vocabulary

Exchange		Giving something to someone and receiving something in return.
Jorvik		The city now called York.
Oral tradition		The passing of stories and poems by word of mouth from one generation to another
Saga		A long story of heroic achievement found in Norse literature.
Trade route		A long-distance route along which items are transported.
Vikings		Scandinavian people who raided, invaded and settled in other countries between the 8th to 11th centuries.

Traders

- Using longboats, the Vikings created trading routes throughout Europe.
- They sold items like timber, wheat, wool, fur and fish;
- They received silver, spices, wine, jewellery, silk and glass.



Raiders

- The Viking raids of Britain started in 793 AD.
- The Vikings raided in the summer.
- They stole valuable items from monasteries and villages.
- They enslaved people before returning home.
- Raiding showed bravery.



Settlers

- The Vikings started to stay over the winter months.
- Sometimes, the Anglo-Saxons gave them land so they would stop attacking.
- In AD 878, Alfred the Great made a peace deal with the Vikings to split England into 2 parts.
- The Viking part was called Danelaw.

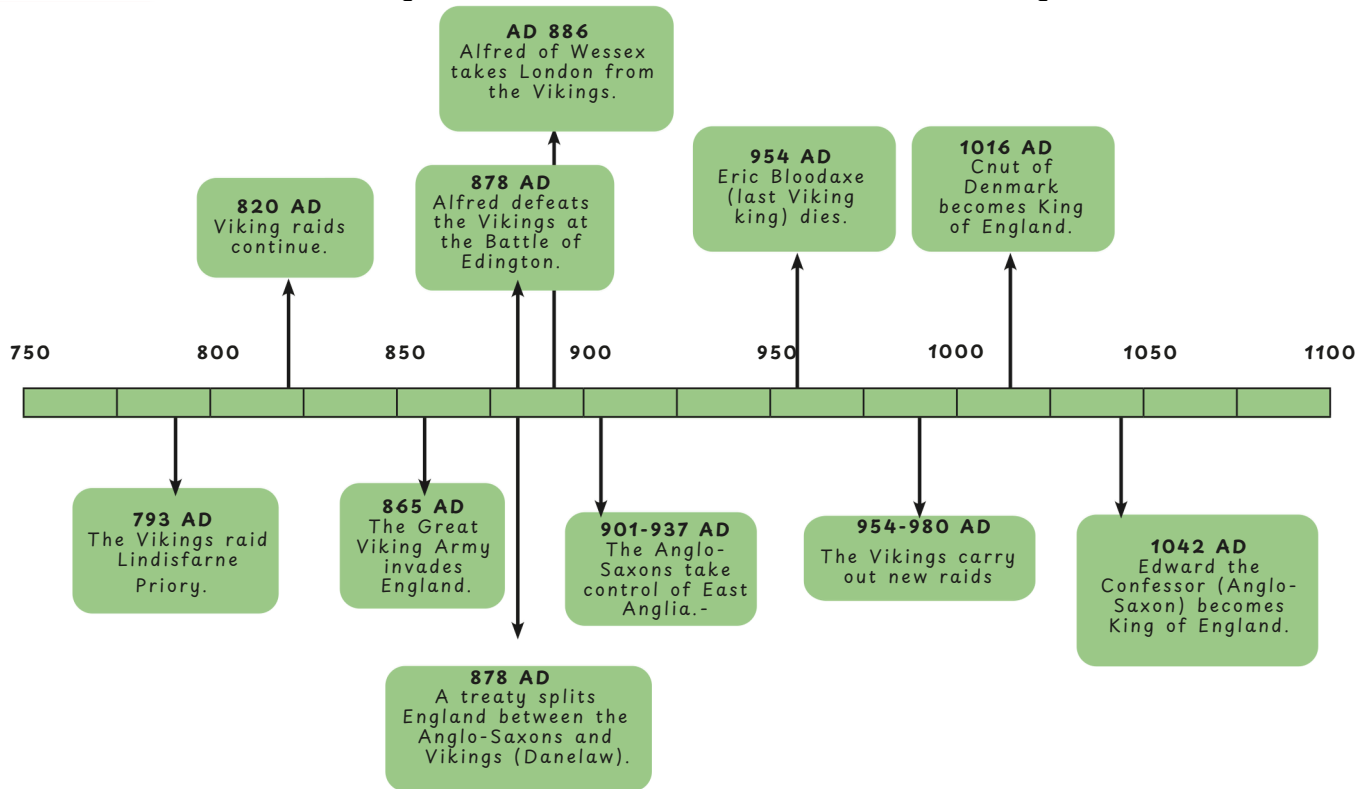


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Timeline of the topic I am currently learning.



Timeline of the topics I have previously learnt, so I can see where the current topic fits in time with other topics.

